Rule 4-410 (NEW) DRAFT: January 27, 2020

1	Rule 4-410. Courthouse closure.			
2	Intent:			
3	To establish protocols surrounding the closure of a court's physical building in the event that			
4	extreme weather or other emergency situation prevents the safe arrival to, or the ability to safely			
5	conduct business in, the courthouse.			
6	Applicability:			
7	This rule applies to courts of record and not of record.			
8	Statement of the Rule:			
9	(1) Definitions.			
10	(1)(A) In courts of record:			
11	(1)(A)(i) "Presiding judge" refers to the judge who presides over the district or			
12	court level.			
13	(1)(A)(ii) "Court executive" refers to the trial court executive in the district and			
14	juvenile courts and the Appellate Court Administrator in the appellate			
15	courts.			
16	(1)(B) In courts not of record:			
17	(1)(B)(i) "Presiding judge" refers to the local justice court presiding judge, not			
18	the district level presiding judge.			
19	(1)(B)(ii) "Court executive" refers to the local justice court administrator.			
20	(2) In the event the presiding judge determines that a courthouse is not safe or is not capable			
21	of supporting the core mission of the court due to extreme weather conditions or other			
22	emergency situation, the presiding judge has the discretion to determine, in consultation			
23	with the court executive, court security, and authority responsible for the building's			
24	operation and maintenance, how to continue supporting the core mission of the court.			
25	(3) The presiding judge(s) may order:			
26	(3)(A) the time-limited partial closure of the courthouse;			
27	(3)(B) the time-limited complete closure of the courthouse; or			
28	(3)(C) the indefinite complete closure of the courthouse.			
29	(4) If the presiding judge orders a complete or partial building closure that in any way affects			
30	the public's ability to conduct court business in that location,			

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31		(4)(A)	the presiding judge may order that operations resume in an alternate location;	
32			<u>and</u>	
33		(4)(B)	the presiding judge shall ensure that notice is posted in at least two conspicuous	
34			places informing the public of:	
35			(4)(B)(i) the building's physical closure;	
36			(4)(B)(ii) the anticipated length of time the building will be closed; and	
37			(4)(B)(iii) the procedures for conducting court business, including where cases	
38			will be heard and how to file court documents.	
39	<u>(5)</u>	Commu	nication of decision to close the courthouse.	
40		<u>(5)(A)</u>	In courts of record, the presiding judge shall as soon as possible inform the State	
41			Court Administrator, the Chief Justice, the Court Communications Director, the	
42			Court Security Director, the Court Facilities Director, the Sheriff whose	
43			jurisdiction covers the affected courthouse, and the other organizations or	
44			lessees occupying the building of the presiding judge's decision to close the	
45			courthouse.	
46		(1)(A) (5)(B) In courts not of record, the presiding judge shall as soon as possible	
47			inform the court executive, the Justice Court Administrator, the Court	
48			Communications Director, the Court Security Director, the law enforcement	
49			agency whose jurisdiction covers the affected courthouse, and the other building	
50			occupants of the presiding judge's decision to close the courthouse.	
51	<u>(6)</u>	The Court Communications Director shall immediately inform the media and public of the		
52		closure.		
53	<u>(7)</u>	If the presiding judge determines that there is a need to extend a court closure order, the		
54		presidin	g judge shall so order and the steps of paragraphs (1) through (4) shall repeat.	
55	<u>(8)</u>	For all courthouses that house more than one level of court, the presiding judges of each		
56		court level shall confer and come to a consensus decision regarding action pursuant to		
57		subsection (3) above.		
58		(8)(A)	In the event that a closure is ordered by consensus, the presiding judges of the	
59			closed courthouse shall all sign the closure order.	
60		(8)(B)	In the event there is not consensus among the presiding judges, the Chief	
61			Justice shall determine whether to issue and sign the closure order.	
62	<u>(9)</u>	Each pr	esiding judge and the Administrative Office of the Courts shall retain a copy of the	
63		order.		

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