

Resource List

The following is a short list of common program placements into which your child could be ordered. Please consult with your probation officer should you desire information on a service not identified on this list.

Salt Lake County Substance Abuse
2001 S State Street, S2300
Salt Lake City, UT 84190
(801) 468-2009

Salt Lake Valley Detention
(Cornell Corrections)
3450 S 900 W
Salt Lake City, UT 84119
(801) 261-2060

Observation & Assessment
61 W. 3900 S.
Salt Lake City, UT 84107
(801) 284-0230

Adolescent Substance Abuse
Program (A.S.A.P.)
5965 S 900 E, Suite #150
Salt Lake City, UT 84121
(801) 263-7250

Early Intervention
3570 S West Temple
Salt Lake City, UT 84115
(801) 685-5730

Genesis
14178 S Pony Express Drive
Draper, UT 84020
(801) 576-6700

Odyssey House
607 E 200 S
Salt Lake City, UT 84102
(801) 363-0203

Youth Support Systems
3392 W. 3500 S.
West Valley City, UT 84119
(801) 969-3307

Asian Association
1588 S. Major St.
Salt Lake City, UT 84115

Life Skills
2900 S. State Street #301
Salt Lake City, UT 84115

Youth Services
Receiving Center - North
177 W Price Avenue
Salt Lake City, UT 84115
(801) 269-7500

Youth Services
Receiving Center - South
10195 Centennial Parkway
Sandy, UT 84070
(801) 352-8680

Frequently Asked Questions

How long will my child be on probation?

Probation lasts an indefinite period of time. The Juvenile Court may retain its jurisdiction over your child until the age of twenty-one. A number of factors are considered when a probation officer makes a recommendation to the Judge in regards to terminating probation. Consult with your probation officer about the expectations for a termination recommendation.

My child was placed on probation and ordered to participate in a temporary out-of-home program. Will I be required to pay for the placement?

Any Juvenile Justice Services (JJS) or Division of Child and Family Services (DCFS) program in which the state assumes temporary custody of a child requires that the youth's parents meet with the Office of Recovery Services (ORS) to determine if parents are financially responsible to contribute a monetary portion to the State of Utah towards the care of their child. Some programs that fit this criteria include Genesis, Introspect, Journey, Young Women's Empowerment Center and Observation and Assessment, to name a few. Additionally, any detention time served by a juvenile beyond thirty days can initiate ORS requirements.

How do I get in touch with my probation officer after work hours?

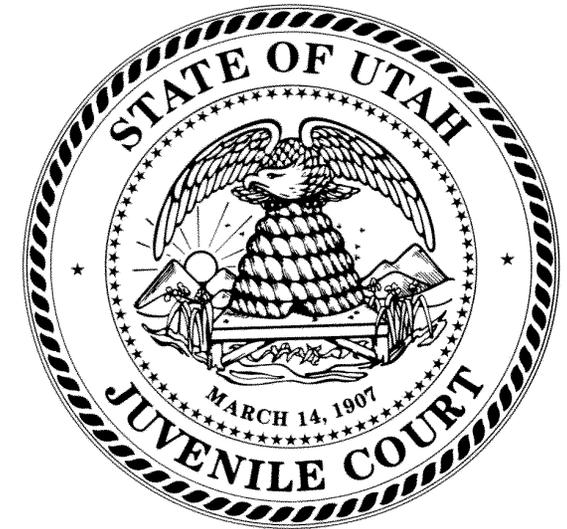
Office hours are generally between the hours of 8am and 5pm. Please consult with your assigned probation officer about his/her specific schedule. Should an immediate or life-threatening emergency arise after hours, call "9-1-1". Secondly, if a situation of ungovernability occurs, refer to Youth Services - Receiving Center for available options. Contact the probation officer at the beginning of the next business day.

Youth Services Receiving Center - North
177 W Price Avenue
Salt Lake City, UT 84115
(801) 269-7543

Youth Services Receiving Center - South
10195 Centennial Parkway
Sandy, UT 84070
(801) 352-8708

Please see <http://www.utcourts.gov/courts/juv/juvsites/3rd/> for more information

Welcome to Third District Juvenile Court



Probation Department

This information packet has been created in the interest of providing the youth and family with useful information regarding the probation process. Your child has been recently ordered by a Juvenile Court judge into a status that is known as probation. Though you may already be familiar with probation concepts, this pamphlet is designed as a resource to you, the parent, in introducing you to common probation practice as it pertains to the Third District Juvenile Court.

Probation Philosophy

The mission of Juvenile Probation is “to protect the community from delinquency, to impose accountability for offenses committed, and to equip juvenile offenders with the required competencies to live productively and responsibly in the community.” In an effort to achieve this goal, the probation officer will assess the needs of the individual probationer and with the help of the family and youth, create a Probation Supervision and Correctional Plan (PRBSCP).

The first month of probation is an assessment and planning phase in which the probation officer will interview the family and youth, and speak with school officials and allied agencies to gather as much information as possible in order to best help the youth and his or her family. This information will be entered into an assessment tool on the computer called the Protective and Risk Assessment (PRA). The PRA identifies each individual youth’s risk factors and protective factors. Risk factors are those things that put youth at risk for future offending, and protective factors are those things that protect youth from future offending. The probation officer then identifies the top three risk factors that directly relate to the offense that brought the youth on probation. Those three risk factors become the focus of the Probation Supervision and Correctional Plan (PRBSCP), or set of goals that the youth must complete before successful discharge from probation. The philosophy behind this process is that if the youth changes the risk factors that brought him or her onto probation into protective factors, then they will most likely not be referred to juvenile court in the future. Following the first month, the youth is placed into high, medium or low levels of risk and supervised accordingly. The youth at highest risk to re-offend in the future will get the most supervision and services. During the months that follow, probation officers monitor the juvenile’s compliance with court orders, and report on the progress of each juvenile at court.

What is Probation?

Probation is one of the many dispositional alternatives that a Judge has available to use when juveniles appear before them for disposition. Probation is a legal status that allows a juvenile who has been adjudicated delinquent to remain in their home under certain conditions set forth by the Court and the Probation Division instead of being placed in State’s custody. These conditions are outlined in the Probation Order.

Probation begins the moment a judge enters an order for probation. Probation is an indefinite period of time and can only be terminated by court order. At the court hearing, youth are placed on house arrest for two weeks (three weeks for state supervision) as an alternative to being placed in detention (some youth are placed in detention depending on the seriousness of the crime). The rules of house arrest are detailed on the following page. Usually within two working days, the youth and family will receive a phone call or visit from a probation officer who will set an appointment for an orientation, during which time the youth will learn about the Probation Order and Agreement, House Arrest and Drug Testing policies. Questions that the youth or family may have will be answered at that time as well. Please come to the orientation with your child’s birth certificate and social security card.

What is State Supervision Probation?

State supervision was instituted in the State of Utah in 1997 in response to the need for a more intensive level of supervision for chronic and/or serious offenders. State supervision is a stricter and more intensive form of probation, with additional funding and programming available to the youth. This can include short-term out-of-home placements.

Probation Units

You have been assigned to a specific probation unit that is based on your geographic location of residence. Your case has also been assigned to either the North Court or South Court region as a result of the same determining criteria. If you are planning to move to a different location inside or outside the state of Utah, your case can be transferred to a corresponding jurisdiction. Below is a list of the probation units that serve the Salt Lake Valley area and fall under the Third District Juvenile Court jurisdiction.

Central Probation
3636 S. Constitution Blvd.
West Valley City, UT 84119
(801) 957-7871

East Probation
450 S. State St.
Salt Lake City, UT 84114
(801) 238-7821

West Probation
3636 S. Constitution Blvd.
West Valley City, UT 84119
(801) 957-7879

City Probation
160 E. 800 S.
Salt Lake City, UT 84111
(801) 533-5657

South Probation
8080 S. Redwood Rd.
West Jordan, UT 84088
(801) 233-9633

Juvenile Court is divided into three regions: North, South and West. Operations of Third District are currently overseen by the Trial Court Executive and three Chief Probation Officers. The following is a current list of Judges that reside in each region. Included are contact phone numbers for questions, direction or payment services.

North Court - Matheson Court House

450 S. State Street
Salt Lake City, UT 84114
Juvenile Court Judges: Charles Behrens ,Kimberly Hornak,
Sharon McCully, Frederic Oddone, Andrew Valdez, and Robert Yeates.
Main number: (801) 238-7700

South Court - West Jordan Court House

8080 S. Redwood Road
West Jordan, UT 84088
Juvenile Court Judges: Christine Decker, Elizabeth Lindsley and
Dane Nolan
Main number: (801) 233-9600

Rules of House Arrest

Probationers are placed on house arrest for the first two weeks of probation (three weeks for state supervision). House arrest is an alternative to detention. The Court will be notified about violations and may issue a warrant for the juvenile’s arrest. Parents/guardians are expected to enforce the rules and are responsible for reporting all violations to the probation officer.

1. Probationers may leave the house under the following conditions:

- a. When accompanied by a parent/guardian.**
- b. When attending probation appointments, school, work, vocational programs, or counseling, and must return home immediately afterwards.**

2. Friends are not allowed at the residence while on house arrest.

3. Telephone use is limited to the probation officer, family, work and those individuals approved of by parents and your probation officer.

Most probation units adhere to these guidelines, however, please consult with your assigned worker as to whether any additional or different expectations will be required of the probationer and the parents.