

Checklist for a Motion to Declare the Judgment Satisfied

- You must complete a form before you file it. These instructions will help you complete the forms.
- The judicial services representative cannot complete a form for you.
 - Attach a copy of any document referred to in the form.
 - Keep a copy of all documents for your records.
 - Attend all court hearings.
 - Some forms may not apply in your case.

(1) Motion to Declare the Judgment Satisfied

- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.
- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address in the blank lines.
- Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment.
- If you want to ask for a hearing, check the box next to "hearing requested." If there is no hearing, the judge will decide the motion based on the papers that have been filed. If one party requests a hearing and the other party does not, both parties are still allowed an opportunity to present oral arguments, if a hearing is held.
- Paragraph (1): Print the date on which the judge signed the judgment.
- Paragraph (2): Make sure this statement is true before you sign the document.
- Paragraph (3): Print the name of the party who currently owns the judgment. If the original judgment creditor sold or assigned the judgment, print the name of the party to whom the judgment was sold or assigned.
- Paragraph (4) Check the correct boxes to describe the proof that you have paid the judgment in full. If you include canceled checks, use a black marker to censor the account number and routing number.
- Paragraph (5): Check the correct box to show whether you request a hearing. If there is no hearing, the judge will decide the motion based on the papers

that have been filed. If one party requests a hearing and the other party does not, both parties are still allowed an opportunity to present oral arguments, if a hearing is held.

- Paragraph (6): Make sure this statement is true before you sign the document.
- Do not include any private or protected information on this form. When filed, this form is a public record. [Rule 4-202.09\(9\)](#) requires that you omit from a public record any information that is not itself public information. For a list of records, data and information classified as public, private, and protected, see [Rule 4-202.02](#).
- Attach any required documents and forms.
- Date and sign the form.
- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
- File the original form, attachments and certificate of service with the judicial services representative.

(2) Stipulation

- If you and the other party agree about the motion, work with the other party to complete the stipulation and file it with the motion. The stipulation must be completed and signed by the other party.
- The other party should send the forms and attachments back to you to attach to the motion and file with the judicial services representative.

(3) Statement(s) Supporting the Motion

- A party may file more than one statement.
- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent, a witness for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.
- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment. Check the correct box to show that the statement supports the motion. Print the name of the motion on the blank line.
- If you want to ask for a hearing, check the box next to “hearing requested.” If there is no hearing, the judge will decide the motion based on the papers that

have been filed. If one party requests a hearing and the other party does not, both parties are still allowed an opportunity to present oral arguments, if a hearing is held.

- Paragraph (1): State the facts relevant to the motion that are within the first-hand knowledge of the person signing the statement. This means the person must have observed the facts personally, rather than being told about the facts.
- Paragraph (2): List and attach any documents you want to use to support the facts.
- Paragraph (3): Check the correct box to show whether you request a hearing. If there is no hearing, the judge will decide the motion based on the papers that have been filed. If one party requests a hearing and the other party does not, both parties are still allowed an opportunity to present oral arguments, if a hearing is held.
- Do not include any private or protected information on this form. When filed, this form is a public record. [Rule 4-202.09\(9\)](#) requires that you omit from a public record any information that is not itself public information. For a list of records, data and information classified as public, private, and protected, see [Rule 4-202.02](#).
- Attach any required documents and forms.
- Date and sign the form.
- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
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(4) Memorandum Supporting the Motion

- The parties have a right to file a memorandum that explains the authority for their legal arguments, but usually there are no legal issues in a Motion to Declare a Judgment Satisfied. The issues usually are fact issues—Who paid for what? And how much? Facts should be claimed in the Statements Supporting or Opposing the Motion.
- If you do file a Memorandum Supporting the Motion:
 - Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.

- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment. Check the box to show that the memorandum supports the motion. Print the name of the motion on the blank line.
- Paragraph (1): Check the correct box to show that the motion is supported by the law. State your argument why the motion is supported by the law.
- Do not include any private or protected information on this form. When filed, this form is a public record. [Rule 4-202.09\(9\)](#) requires that you omit from a public record any information that is not itself public information. For a list of records, data and information classified as public, private, and protected, see [Rule 4-202.02](#).
- Attach any required documents and forms.
- Date and sign the form.
- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
- File the original form, attachments and certificate of service with the judicial services representative.

(5) Statement Opposing the Motion

- A Statement Opposing the Motion is a document filed by the other party. If the other party does not agree to the motion, they must file a Statement Opposing the Motion within 10 days after the motion is served on the other party.
- If the other party files a Statement Opposing the Motion, you may file a Reply to that statement. If the other party does not file a Statement Opposing the Motion, you may file a Request to Submit for Decision.

(6) Reply Statement (if applicable)

- If the other party files a Statement Opposing the Motion, you may file a Reply, but only to respond to something being raised for the first time in the opposing statement. If the opposing statement and its supporting documents merely make statements of fact and legal arguments against the points you made in your motion, then you cannot file a reply.
- If you file a Reply, you must file and serve it within 5 days after the Opposing Statement is served on you.

- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.
- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment. Print the name of the motion on the blank line.
- Paragraphs (1)(A) and (2)(A): Check the correct box to show whether the statement is from the Opposing Statement or Opposing Memorandum. Print the number of the paragraph from the document that you disagree with. Quote the statement exactly.
- Paragraphs (1)(B) and (2)(B): Explain why you disagree.
- Omit any private or protected information. When filed, this document is a public record. [Rule 4-202.09\(9\)](#) requires that you omit from a public record any information that is not itself public information. For a list of records, data and information classified as public, private, and protected, see [Rule 4-202.02](#).
- Attach any required documents and forms.
- Date and sign the form.
- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
- File the original form and certificate of service with the judicial services representative.

(7) Request to Submit for Decision

- The motion and other documents will not be given to the judge to decide until one of the parties completes and files a Request to Submit for Decision. Either party may file a Request, but someone must do so.
- Do not file the Request to Submit for Decision until after the Reply to the Statement Opposing the Motion has been filed or the time for filing has passed. (5 days after the Statement Opposing the Motion was served.)
- If the parties stipulate to the motion, file the Request to Submit for Decision with the Motion, Stipulation and proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order.
- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.

- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment.
- If you want to ask for a hearing, check the box next to “hearing requested.” If there is no hearing, the judge will decide the motion based on the papers that have been filed. If one party requests a hearing and the other party does not, both parties are still allowed an opportunity to present oral arguments, if a hearing is held.
- Paragraph (1): Print the name of the motion to be submitted for decision and the date the motion was served on the other party.
- Paragraphs (2) - (4): Check the correct boxes and print the dates to show which documents have been filed and served.
- Paragraph (5): Check the correct box to show whether you request a hearing.
- Date and sign the form.
- Attach the required documents.
- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
- File the original form and certificate of service with the judicial services representative.

(8) Notice of Hearing

- If you have requested a hearing, call the judge’s judicial assistant to find out whether your request has been granted. Schedule the hearing with the assistant and complete this form. Select a date that is convenient for you, the other party and the court. Otherwise, do not file this form.
- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page.
- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment.
- Identify Plaintiff/Petitioner and Defendant/Respondent by name and address. Or add Purchaser/Assignee’s name and address to the form.
- Print the name of the motion on the blank line. Print the date and time of the hearing. Print also the judge’s name and courtroom number for the hearing.
- Date and sign the form.

- Complete the Certificate of Service.
- Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
- File the original form with the judicial services representative.

(9) Attend the Hearing

- If there is a hearing, be sure to attend.

(10) Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order on the Motion

- The Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order might be completed at different times, depending on how the case is decided.
- Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.
- Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment.
- If the parties stipulate to the motion, or if the other party defaults on the motion, complete the rest of the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order so that they agree with the motion.
- If the motion is not stipulated and not granted by default, do not complete the rest of the documents unless you are told to do so. Either the judge will complete the rest of the documents or tell one of the parties to do so.
- Attach any required documents or forms.
- If there is a hearing, the judge will decide the issues and will tell one of the parties to prepare the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order. Listen carefully to the judge's decision. The documents must agree with that decision, and you may have to prepare them.
- If you are told to prepare the Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order, complete all of them except the judge's signature. What you write in the documents must agree with what the judge decided.
- Date and sign the proposed Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order under the phrase: "approved as to form."
- Within 15 days after being told to prepare the documents, serve them on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.

- The other party has 5 days in which to object.
- File the original Findings of Fact, Conclusions of Law and Order and the Certificate of Service with the judicial services representative after the time to object has ended.

(11) Notice of Order

- If you prepared the order, or if the judge says you have to serve the signed order:
 - Print your name and contact information at the top of the first page. Check whether you are the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent or the attorney for the Plaintiff/Petitioner or Defendant/Respondent.
 - Check the correct box to show whether the court is the District or Justice Court. Print the judicial district number, the county name and the court address on the blank lines. Complete the heading exactly as it appears in the judgment.
 - Attach any required documents and forms.
 - Date and sign the form.
 - Complete the Certificate of Service.
 - Serve the form and any attachments on the other party by one of the methods described in the certificate of service. [URCP 5](#) governs service.
 - File the original form and attachments with the judicial services representative.